

Ex - 13.7

Q1. Find the volume of the right circular cone with

- (i) radius 6 cm, height 7 cm
- (ii) radius 3.5 cm, height 12 cm

Sol. (i) $r = 6$ cm, $h = 7$ cm

$$\text{Volume} = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{22}{7} \times (6)^2 \times 7 \text{ cm}^3 = 264 \text{ cm}^3$$

(ii) $r = \frac{7}{2}$ cm, $h = 12$ cm

$$\text{Volume} = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{22}{7} \times \left(\frac{7}{2}\right)^2 \times 12 \text{ cm}^3 = 154 \text{ cm}^3$$

Q2. Find the capacity in litres of a conical vessel with

- (i) radius 7 cm, slant height 25 cm.
- (ii) height 12 cm, slant height 13 cm.

Sol. (i) $r = 7$ cm, $\ell = 25$ cm

$$r^2 + h^2 = \ell^2$$

$$\Rightarrow (7)^2 + h^2 = (25)^2 \Rightarrow h^2 = (25)^2 - (7)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow h^2 = 625 - 49 \Rightarrow h^2 = 576$$

$$\Rightarrow h = \sqrt{576} \Rightarrow h = 24 \text{ cm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{Capacity} &= \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{22}{7} \times (7)^2 \times 24 \\ &= 1232 \text{ cm}^3 = 1.232 \ell. \end{aligned}$$

(ii) $h = 12$ cm, $\ell = 13$ cm

$$r^2 + h^2 = \ell^2$$

$$\Rightarrow r^2 + (12)^2 = (13)^2 \Rightarrow r^2 + 144 = 169$$

$$\Rightarrow r^2 = 169 - 144 \Rightarrow r^2 = 25$$

$$\Rightarrow r = \sqrt{25} \Rightarrow r = 5 \text{ cm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{Capacity} &= \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{22}{7} \times (5)^2 \times 12 \\ &= \frac{2200}{7} \text{ cm}^3 = \frac{2200}{7000} \ell = \frac{11}{35} \ell. \end{aligned}$$

Q3. The height of a cone is 15 cm. If its volume is 1570 cm^3 , find the radius of the base.
(Use $\pi = 3.14$)

Sol. $h = 15 \text{ cm}$, volume = 1570 cm^3

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \times 3.14 \times r^2 \times 15 = 1570$$

$$\Rightarrow r^2 = \frac{1570}{15.70} = 100$$

$$\Rightarrow r = 10 \text{ cm}$$

Q4. If the volume of a right circular cone of height 9 cm is $48 \pi \text{ cm}^3$, find the diameter of its base.

Sol. $h = 9 \text{ cm}$, volume = $48 \pi \text{ cm}^3$

$$\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 \times h = 48 \pi$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{3} r^2 \times 9 = 48$$

$$\Rightarrow r^2 = 16 \Rightarrow r = 4 \text{ cm}$$

Q5. A conical pit of top diameter 3.5 m is 12 m deep. What is its capacity in kilolitres?

Sol. For conical pit
Diameter = 3.5 m

$$\therefore \text{Radius (r)} = \frac{3.5}{2} \text{ m} = 1.75 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Depth (h)} = 12 \text{ m}$$

\therefore Capacity of the conical pit

$$= \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{22}{7} \times (1.75)^2 \times 12 \text{ m}^3$$

$$= 38.5 \text{ m}^3 = 38.5 \times 1000 \ell = 38.5 \text{ kl.}$$

Q6. The volume of a right circular cone is 9856 cm^3 . If the diameter of the base is 28 cm, find
(i) height of the cone (ii) slant height of the cone (iii) curved surface area of the cone

Sol. (i) Volume = 9856 cm^3 , $r = 14 \text{ cm}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{22}{7} \times (14)^2 \times h = 9856$$

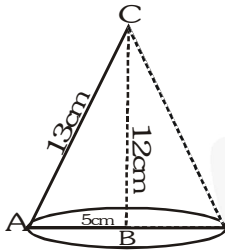
$$\Rightarrow h = \frac{9856 \times 3}{22 \times 28} \text{ cm} \Rightarrow h = 48 \text{ cm}$$

(ii) $\ell^2 = h^2 + r^2 = (48)^2 + (14)^2 = 2500$
 $\Rightarrow \ell = 50 \text{ cm}$

(iii) Curved surface area = $\frac{22}{7} \times 14 \times 50 \text{ cm}^2$
 $= 2200 \text{ cm}^2$

Q7. A right triangle ABC with sides 5 cm, 12 cm and 13 cm is revolved about the side 12 cm. Find the volume of the solid so obtained.

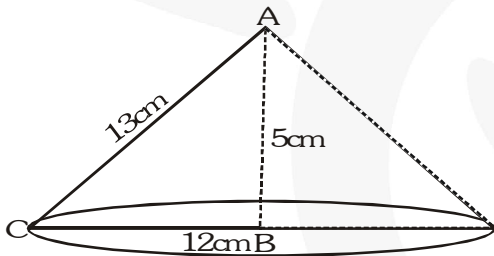
Sol.



Radius, $r = 5 \text{ cm}$; height, $h = 12 \text{ cm}$ & slant height, $\ell = 13 \text{ cm}$] $= \frac{1}{2} \pi 5^2 \times 12 = 100\pi$

Q8. If the triangle ABC in the question 7 above is revolved about the side 5 cm, then find the volume of the solid so obtained. Find also the ratio of the volumes of the two solids obtained in Question 7 and 8.

Sol.



Radius, $r = 12 \text{ cm}$; height, $h = 5 \text{ cm}$ & slant height, $\ell = 13 \text{ cm}$]

Vol. = $\frac{1}{3} \pi 12^2 \times 5 = 240\pi$

Ans. $240 \pi \text{ cm}^3$; 5 : 12.

Q9. A heap of wheat is in the form of a cone whose diameter is 1 0.5 m and height is 3 m. Find its volume. The heap is to be covered by canvas to protect it from rain. Find the area of the canvas required.

Sol. Diameter = 10.5 m

\therefore Base Radius (r) = $\frac{10.5}{2} \text{ m} = \frac{105}{20} \text{ m}$

$$\text{Height (h)} = 3\text{m}$$

$$\therefore \text{Volume of the heap} = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{22}{7} \times \left(\frac{105}{20}\right)^2 \times 3$$

$$= 86.625 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\therefore \text{Area of the canvas} = \pi r \ell$$

$$\text{where, } \ell = \sqrt{r^2 + h^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\left(\frac{10.5}{2}\right)^2 + (3)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{110.25}{4} + 9}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{146.25}{4}} = 6.046 \text{ m (approx)}$$

$$\text{Now, } \pi r \ell = \frac{22}{7} \times \frac{10.5}{2} \times 6.05 \text{ m}^2$$

$$= 11 \times 1.5 \times 6.05 \text{ m}^2$$

$$= 99.825 \text{ m}^2$$

Thus, the required area of the canvas is 99.825 m^2