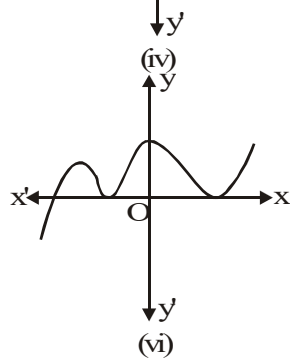
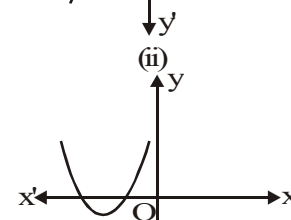
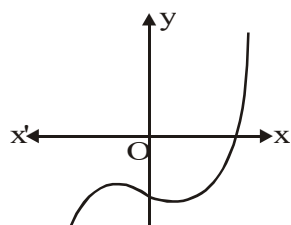
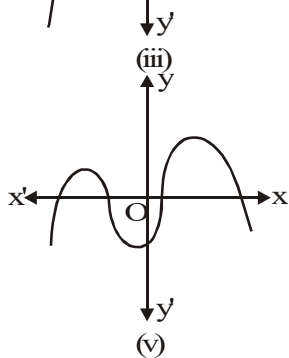
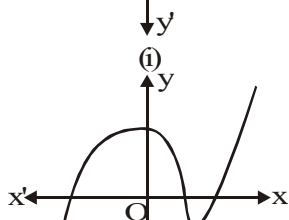
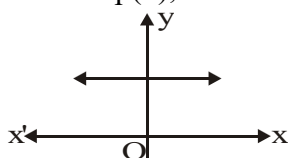


Class X : MATH
Chapter - 2 : Polynomial
Questions & Answers - Exercise : 2.1 - NCERT Book

Q1. The graph of $y = p(x)$ are given in fig below, for some polynomials $p(x)$. Find the number of zeros of $p(x)$, in each case.



Sol. (i) Graph of $y = p(x)$ does not intersect the x-axis. Hence, polynomial $p(x)$ has no zero.

- (ii) Graph of $y = p(x)$ intersects the x-axis at one and only one point.
Hence, polynomial $p(x)$ has **one and only one** real zero.
- (iii) Graph of $y = p(x)$ intersects the x-axis at 3 points. Hence, polynomial $p(x)$ has 3 zeros.
- (iv) Graph of $y = p(x)$ intersects the x-axis at 2 points. Hence, polynomial $p(x)$ has 2 zeros.
- (v) Graph of $y = p(x)$ intersects the x-axis at 4 points. Hence, polynomial $p(x)$ has 4 zeros.
- (vi) Graph of $y = p(x)$ intersects the x-axis at 1 points and touch x-axis at 2 points. Hence, $p(x)$ has 3 zeros.