

CLASS VIII: Maths
Chapter 12: Factorisation

Questions and Solutions | Exercise 12.3 - NCERT Books

Q 1. Carry out the following divisions.

(i) $28x^4 \div 56x$

(ii) $-36y^3 \div 9y^2$

(iii) $66pq^2r^3 \div 11qr^2$

(iv) $34x^3y^3z^3 \div 51xy^2z^3$

(v) $12a^8b^8 \div (-6a^6b^4)$

Answer :

(i) $28x^4 = 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times x \times x \times x \times x$

$56x = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times x$

$$28x^4 \div 56x = \frac{2 \times 2 \times 7 \times x \times x \times x \times x}{2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times x} = \frac{x^3}{2} = \frac{1}{2}x^3$$

(ii) $36y^3 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times y \times y \times y$

$9y^2 = 3 \times 3 \times y \times y$

$$-36y^3 \div 9y^2 = \frac{-2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times y \times y \times y}{3 \times 3 \times y \times y} = -4y$$

(iii) $66pq^2r^3 = 2 \times 3 \times 11 \times p \times q \times q \times r \times r \times r$

$11qr^2 = 11 \times q \times r \times r$

$$66pq^2r^3 \div 11qr^2 = \frac{2 \times 3 \times 11 \times p \times q \times q \times r \times r \times r}{11 \times q \times r \times r} = 6pqr$$



$$(iv) 34x^3y^3z^3 = 2 \times 17 \times x \times x \times x \times y \times y \times y \times z \times z \times z$$

$$51xy^2z^3 = 3 \times 17 \times x \times y \times y \times z \times z \times z$$

$$\begin{aligned} 34x^3y^3z^3 \div 51xy^2z^3 &= \frac{2 \times 17 \times x \times x \times x \times y \times y \times y \times z \times z \times z}{3 \times 17 \times x \times y \times y \times z \times z \times z} \\ &= \frac{2}{3}x^2y \end{aligned}$$

$$(v) 12a^8b^8 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times a^8 \times b^8$$

$$6a^6b^4 = 2 \times 3 \times a^6 \times b^4$$

$$12a^8b^8 \div (-6a^6b^4) = \frac{2 \times 2 \times 3 \times a^8 \times b^8}{-2 \times 3 \times a^6 \times b^4} = -2a^2b^4$$

Q2 :

Divide the given polynomial by the given monomial.

$$(i) (5x^2 - 6x) \div 3x$$

$$(ii) (3y^8 - 4y^6 + 5y^4) \div y^4$$

$$(iii) 8(x^3y^2z^2 + x^2y^3z^2 + x^2y^2z^3) \div 4x^2y^2z^2$$

$$(iv) (x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x) \div 2x$$

$$(v) (p^3q^6 - p^6q^3) \div p^3q^3$$

Answer :

(i) $5x^2 - 6x = x(5x - 6)$

$$(5x^2 - 6x) \div 3x = \frac{x(5x - 6)}{3x} = \frac{1}{3}(5x - 6)$$

(ii) $3y^8 - 4y^6 + 5y^4 = y^4(3y^4 - 4y^2 + 5)$

$$(3y^8 - 4y^6 + 5y^4) \div y^4 = \frac{y^4(3y^4 - 4y^2 + 5)}{y^4} = 3y^4 - 4y^2 + 5$$

(iii) $8(x^3y^2z^2 + x^2y^3z^2 + x^2y^2z^3) = 8x^2y^2z^2(x + y + z)$

$$8(x^3y^2z^2 + x^2y^3z^2 + x^2y^2z^3) \div 4x^2y^2z^2 = \frac{8x^2y^2z^2(x + y + z)}{4x^2y^2z^2} = 2(x + y + z)$$

(iv) $x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x = x(x^2 + 2x + 3)$

$$(x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x) \div 2x = \frac{x(x^2 + 2x + 3)}{2x} = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + 2x + 3)$$

(v) $p^3q^6 - p^6q^3 = p^3q^3(q^3 - p^3)$

$$(p^3q^6 - p^6q^3) \div p^3q^3 = \frac{p^3q^3(q^3 - p^3)}{p^3q^3} = q^3 - p^3$$

Q3 :

Work out the following divisions.

(i) $(10x - 25) \div 5$

(ii) $(10x - 25) \div (2x - 5)$

(iii) $10y(6y + 21) \div 5(2y + 7)$

$$(iv) 9x^2y^2(3z - 24) \div 27xy(z - 8)$$

$$(v) 96abc(3a - 12)(5b - 30) \div 144(a - 4)(b - 6)$$

Answer :

$$(i) (10x - 25) \div 5 = \frac{2 \times 5 \times x - 5 \times 5}{5} = \frac{5(2x - 5)}{5} = 2x - 5$$

$$(ii) (10x - 25) \div (2x - 5) = \frac{2 \times 5 \times x - 5 \times 5}{(2x - 5)} = \frac{5(2x - 5)}{2x - 5} = 5$$

$$(iii) 10y(6y + 21) \div 5(2y + 7) = \frac{2 \times 5 \times y [2 \times 3 \times y + 3 \times 7]}{5(2y + 7)}$$

$$= \frac{2 \times 5 \times y \times 3(2y + 7)}{5(2y + 7)} = 6y$$

$$(iv) 9x^2y^2(3z - 24) \div 27xy(z - 8) = \frac{9x^2y^2 [3 \times z - 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3]}{27xy(z - 8)}$$

$$= \frac{xy \times 3(z - 8)}{3(z - 8)} = xy$$

$$(v) 96abc(3a - 12)(5b - 30) \div 144(a - 4)(b - 6)$$

$$= \frac{96abc(3 \times a - 3 \times 4)(5 \times b - 2 \times 3 \times 5)}{144(a - 4)(b - 6)}$$

$$= \frac{2abc \times 3(a - 4) \times 5(b - 6)}{3(a - 4)(b - 6)} = 10abc$$

Q4 :

Divide as directed.

$$(i) 5(2x + 1)(3x + 5) \div (2x + 1)$$

$$(ii) 26xy(x + 5) \div 13x(y - 4)$$

$$(iii) 52pqr(p + q)(q + r)(r + p) \div 104pq(q + r)(r + p)$$

$$(iv) 20(y + 4)(y^2 + 5y + 3) \div 5(y + 4)$$

$$(v) x(x + 1)(x + 2)(x + 3) \div x(x + 1)$$

Answer :

$$(i) \frac{5(2x+1)(3x+5) \div (2x+1)}{(2x+1)} = 5(3x+1)$$

$$(ii) \frac{26xy(x+5)(y-4) \div 13x(y-4)}{13x(y-4)} = 2y(x+5)$$

$$(iii) 52pqr(p + q)(q + r)(r + p) \div 104pq(q + r)(r + p)$$

$$= \frac{2 \times 2 \times 13 \times p \times q \times r \times (p+q) \times (q+r) \times (r+p)}{2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 13 \times p \times q \times (q+r) \times (r+p)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}r(p+q)$$

$$(iv) 20(y + 4)(y^2 + 5y + 3) \div 5(y + 4) = 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times (y + 4)(y^2 + 5y + 3)$$

$$20(y + 4)(y^2 + 5y + 3) \div 5(y + 4) = \frac{2 \times 2 \times 5 \times (y + 4) \times (y^2 + 5y + 3)}{5 \times (y + 4)}$$

$$= 4(y^2 + 5y + 3)$$

$$(v) \frac{x(x+1)(x+2)(x+3) \div x(x+1)}{x(x+1)} = \frac{x(x+1)(x+2)(x+3)}{x(x+1)}$$

$$= (x + 2)(x + 3)$$

Q5 :

Factorise the expressions and divide them as directed.

$$(i) (y^2 + 7y + 10) \div (y + 5)$$

$$(ii) (m^2 - 14m - 32) \div (m + 2)$$

$$(iii) (5p^2 - 25p + 20) \div (p - 1)$$

$$(iv) 4yz(z^2 + 6z - 16) \div 2y(z + 8)$$

$$(v) 5pq(p^2 - q^2) \div 2p(p + q)$$

$$(vi) 12xy(9x^2 - 16y^2) \div 4xy(3x + 4y)$$

$$(vii) 39y^3(50y^2 - 98) \div 26y^2(5y + 7)$$

Answer :

$$(i) (y^2 + 7y + 10) = y^2 + 2y + 5y + 10$$

$$= y(y + 2) + 5(y + 2)$$

$$= (y + 2)(y + 5)$$

$$(y^2 + 7y + 10) \div (y + 5) = \frac{(y + 5)(y + 2)}{(y + 5)} = y + 2$$

$$(ii) m^2 - 14m - 32 = m^2 + 2m - 16m - 32$$

$$= m(m + 2) - 16(m + 2)$$

$$= (m + 2)(m - 16)$$

$$(m^2 - 14m - 32) \div (m + 2) = \frac{(m + 2)(m - 16)}{(m + 2)} = m - 16$$

$$(iii) 5p^2 - 25p + 20 = 5(p^2 - 5p + 4)$$

$$= 5[p^2 - p - 4p + 4]$$

$$= 5[p(p - 1) - 4(p - 1)]$$

$$= 5(p - 1)(p - 4)$$

$$(5p^2 - 25p + 20) \div (p-1) = \frac{5(p-1)(p-4)}{(p-1)} = 5(p-4)$$

$$(iv) 4yz(z^2 + 6z - 16) = 4yz [z^2 - 2z + 8z - 16]$$

$$= 4yz [z(z-2) + 8(z-2)]$$

$$= 4yz(z-2)(z+8)$$

$$4yz(z^2 + 6z - 16) \div 2y(z+8) = \frac{4yz(z-2)(z+8)}{2y(z+8)} = 2z(z-2)$$

$$(v) 5pq(p^2 - q^2) = 5pq(p-q)(p+q)$$

$$5pq(p^2 - q^2) \div 2p(p+q) = \frac{5pq(p-q)(p+q)}{2p(p+q)} = \frac{5}{2}q(p-q)$$

$$(vi) 12xy(9x^2 - 16y^2) = 12xy[(3x)^2 - (4y)^2] = 12xy(3x-4y)(3x+4y)$$

$$12xy(9x^2 - 16y^2) \div 4xy(3x+4y) = \frac{2 \times 2 \times 3 \times x \times y \times (3x-4y) \times (3x+4y)}{2 \times 2 \times x \times y \times (3x+4y)} = 3(3x-4y)$$

$$(vii) 39y^3(50y^2 - 98) = 3 \times 13 \times y \times y \times y \times 2[(25y^2 - 49)]$$

$$= 3 \times 13 \times 2 \times y \times y \times y \times [(5y)^2 - (7)^2]$$

$$= 3 \times 13 \times 2 \times y \times y \times y (5y-7)(5y+7)$$

$$26y^2(5y+7) = 2 \times 13 \times y \times y \times (5y+7)$$

$$39y^3(50y^2 - 98) \div 26y^2(5y+7)$$

$$= \frac{39y^3 \times 2(25y^2 - 49)}{26y^2(5y+7)}$$

$$= \frac{3y(5y+7)(5y-7)}{(5y+7)}$$

$$= 3y(5y-7)$$