Class XI : Maths Chapter 2 : Related And Functions

Questions and Solutions | Exercise 2.2 - NCERT Books

Question 1:

Let A = {1, 2, 3, ..., 14}. Define a relation R from A to A by R = {(x, y): 3x - y = 0, where x, y \in A}. Write down its domain, codomain and range. Answer The relation R from A to A is given as R = {(x, y): 3x - y = 0, where x, $y \in A$ } i.e., R = {(x, y): 3x = y, where x, $y \in A$ } $\therefore R = {(1, 3), (2, 6), (3, 9), (4, 12)}$ The domain of R is the set of all first elements of the ordered pairs in the relation. \therefore Domain of R = {1, 2, 3, 4} The whole set A is the codomainof the relation R. \therefore Codomain of R = A = {1, 2, 3, ..., 14} The range of R is the set of all second elements of the ordered pairs in the relation. \therefore Range of R = {3, 6, 9, 12} Question 2:

natural number less than 4; $x, y \in \mathbb{N}$. Depict this relationship using roster form. Write down the domain and the range.

Answer

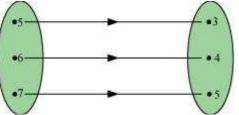
R = {(x, y): y = x + 5, x is a natural number less than 4, x, y ∈ N} The natural numbers less than 4 are 1, 2, and 3. \therefore R = {(1, 6), (2, 7), (3, 8)} The domain of R is the set of all first elements of the ordered pairs in the relation. \therefore Domain of R = {1, 2, 3} The range of R is the set of all second elements of the ordered pairs in the relation. \therefore Range of R = {6, 7, 8}

Question 3: $A = \{1, 2, 3, 5\}$ and $B = \{4, 6, 9\}$. Define a relation R from A to B by $R = \{(x, y):$ the difference between x and y is odd; $x \in A, y \in B\}$. Write R in roster form. Answer $A = \{1, 2, 3, 5\}$ and $B = \{4, 6, 9\}$ $R = \{(x, y):$ the difference between x and y is odd; $x \in A, y \in B\}$ $\therefore R = \{(1, 4), (1, 6), (2, 9), (3, 4), (3, 6), (5, 4), (5, 6)\}$ Question 4:

The given figure shows a relationship between the sets P and Q. write this relation (i) in set-builder form (ii) in roster form. What is its domain and range?

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Answer

According to the given figure, $P = \{5, 6, 7\}, Q = \{3, 4, 5\}$ (i) $R = \{(x, y): y = x - 2; x \in P\}$ or $R = \{(x, y): y = x - 2 \text{ for } x = 5, 6, 7\}$ (ii) $R = \{(5, 3), (6, 4), (7, 5)\}$ Domain of $R = \{5, 6, 7\}$ Range of $R = \{3, 4, 5\}$

Question 5: Let A = {1, 2, 3, 4, 6}. Let R be the relation on A defined by {(*a*, *b*): *a*, *b* \in A, *b* is exactly divisible by *a*}. (i) Write R in roster form (ii) Find the domain of R (iii) Find the range of R. Answer A = {1, 2, 3, 4, 6}, R = {(*a*, *b*): *a*, *b* \in A, *b* is exactly divisible by *a*} (i) R = {(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (1, 6), (2, 2), (2, 4), (2, 6), (3, 3), (3, 6), (4, 4), (6, 6)} (ii) Domain of R = {1, 2, 3, 4, 6} (iii) Range of R = {1, 2, 3, 4, 6}

Question 6:

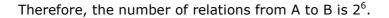
Determine the domain and range of the relation R defined by $R = \{(x, x + 5): x \in \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}\}$. Answer $R = \{(x, x + 5): x \in \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}\}$ $\therefore R = \{(0, 5), (1, 6), (2, 7), (3, 8), (4, 9), (5, 10)\}$ \therefore Domain of $R = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

Range of $R = \{5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$

Question 7: Write the relation $R = \{(x, x^3): x \text{ is a prime number less than 10}\}$ in roster form. Answer $R = \{(x, x^3): x \text{ is a prime number less than 10}\}$ The prime numbers less than 10 are 2, 3, 5, and 7. $\therefore R = \{(2, 8), (3, 27), (5, 125), (7, 343)\}$

Question 8: Let A = {x, y, z} and B = {1, 2}. Find the number of relations from A to B. Answer It is given that A = {x, y, z} and B = {1, 2}. \therefore A × B = {(x, 1), (x, 2), (y, 1), (y, 2), (z, 1), (z, 2)} Since n(A × B) = 6, the number of subsets of A × B is 2⁶.

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Question 9: Let R be the relation on Z defined by $R = \{(a, b): a, b \in Z, a - b \text{ is an integer}\}$. Find the domain and range of R. Answer $R = \{(a, b): a, b \in Z, a - b \text{ is an integer}\}$ It is known that the difference between any two integers is always an integer. \therefore Domain of R = ZRange of R = Z

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