

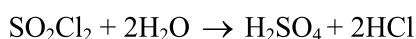
FINAL JEE-MAIN EXAMINATION - JULY, 2022

Held On Monday 25 July, 2022

TIME :9:00 AM TO 12:00 NOON

SECTION-A

1.  $\text{SO}_2\text{Cl}_2$  on reaction with excess of water results into acidic mixture



16 moles of NaOH is required for the complete neutralisation of the resultant acidic mixture. The number of moles of  $\text{SO}_2\text{Cl}_2$  used is :

- (A) 16 (B) 8  
(C) 4 (D) 2

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Ans. (C)

Sol. Let  $n(\text{SO}_2\text{Cl}_2) = x$  moles

$$\therefore n(\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4) = x, n(\text{HCl}) = 2x$$

$$\Rightarrow n(\text{H}^+) = 4x$$

For Neutralisation

$$\Rightarrow n(\text{H}^+) = n(\text{OH}^-)$$

$$\Rightarrow 4x = 16$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 4$$

2. Which of the following sets of quantum numbers is not allowed ?

(A)  $n = 3, l = 2, m_l = 0, s = +\frac{1}{2}$

(B)  $n = 3, l = 2, m_l = -2, s = +\frac{1}{2}$

(C)  $n = 3, l = 3, m_l = -3, s = -\frac{1}{2}$

(D)  $n = 3, l = 0, m_l = 0, s = -\frac{1}{2}$

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Ans. (C)

Sol.  $l = 0, 1, 2, \dots, (n - 1)$

$$\therefore \text{for } n = 3$$

$$l = 0, 1, 2$$

$$\Rightarrow l = 3,$$

not possible for  $n = 3$

3. The depression in freezing point observed for a formic acid solution of concentration  $0.5 \text{ mL L}^{-1}$  is  $0.0405^\circ\text{C}$ . Density of formic acid is  $1.05 \text{ g mL}^{-1}$ . The Van't Hoff factor of the formic acid solution is nearly : (Given for water  $k_f = 1.86 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$ )

- (A) 0.8 (B) 1.1  
(C) 1.9 (D) 2.4

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Ans. (C)

Sol.  $[\text{HCOOH}] = 0.5 \text{ ml l}^{-1}$

$$\Rightarrow (0.5 \text{ ml} \times 1.05 \text{ g ml}^{-1}) \text{ HCOOH in 1L}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.525 \text{ g HCOOH in 1L}$$

$$m = \frac{(0.525 / 46)}{1 \text{ kg}} \text{ mol [Assuming dilute solution]}$$

$$\therefore \Delta T_f = iK_f m \Rightarrow i = \frac{\Delta T_f}{K_f m} = \frac{0.0405 \times 46}{1.86 \times 0.525} = 1.9$$

4. 20 mL of 0.1 M  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$  is mixed with 40 mL of 0.05 M HCl. The pH of the mixture is nearest to:

(Given:  $K_b(\text{NH}_4\text{OH}) = 1 \times 10^{-5}$ ,  $\log 2 = 0.30$ ,

$\log 3 = 0.48$ ,  $\log 5 = 0.69$ ,  $\log 7 = 0.84$ ,

$\log 11 = 1.04$ )

- (A) 3.2 (B) 4.2  
(C) 5.2 (D) 6.2

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Ans. (C)

Sol.  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH} + \text{HCl} \rightarrow \text{NH}_4\text{Cl} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$

mmole	2	2	
	-	-	2 mmole

$$[\text{NH}_4^+] = \frac{2 \text{ mmole}}{60 \text{ ml}} = \frac{1}{30} \text{ M}$$

$$\text{pH} = \frac{\text{pK}_w - \text{pK}_b - \log C}{2} = \frac{14 - 5 + 1.48}{2} = 5.24$$

5.

Match List - I with List - II

List - I	List - II
(A) $N_2(g) + 3H_2(g) \rightarrow 2NH_3(g)$	(I) Cu
(B) $CO(g) + 3H_2(g) \rightarrow CH_4(g) + H_2O(g)$	(II) Cu/ZnO - $Cr_2O_3$
(C) $CO(g) + H_2(g) \rightarrow HCHO(g)$	(III) $Fe_3O_4 + K_2O + Al_2O_3$
(D) $CO(g) + 2H_2(g) \rightarrow CH_3OH(g)$	(IV) Ni

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (A) (A) - (II), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (III)  
 (B) (A) - (II), (B) - (I), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)  
 (C) (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)  
 (D) (A) - (III), (B) - (I), (C) - (IV), (D) - (II)

**Official Ans. by NTA (C)**

**Ans. (C)**

**Sol. Factual**

6. The IUPAC nomenclature of an element with electronic configuration  $[Rn]5f^{14}6d^17s^2$  is :

- (A) Unnilbium (B) Unnilunium  
 (C) Unnilquadium (D) Unniltrium

**Official Ans. by NTA (D)**

**Ans. (D)**

**Sol.** Atomic Number 103

7. The compound(s) that is(are) removed as slag during the extraction of copper is :

- (1) CaO (2) FeO  
 (3)  $Al_2O_3$  (4) ZnO  
 (5) NiO

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (A) (3) (4) Only (B) (1), (2), (5) Only  
 (C) (1), (2) Only (D) (2) Only

**Official Ans. by NTA (D)**

**Ans. (D)**

**Sol.**  $FeO + SiO_2 \rightarrow FeSiO_3$

8. The reaction of  $H_2O_2$  with potassium permanganate in acidic medium leads to the formation of mainly:

- (A)  $Mn^{2+}$  (B)  $Mn^{4+}$   
 (C)  $Mn^{3+}$  (D)  $Mn^{6+}$

**Official Ans. by NTA (A)**

**Ans. (A)**

**Sol.**  $H_2O_2 + MnO_4^- \rightarrow Mn^{2+} + O_2$  (unbalanced)

9. Choose the correct order of density of the alkali metals :

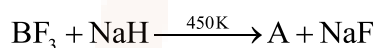
- (A)  $Li < K < Na < Rb < Cs$   
 (B)  $Li < Na < K < Rb < Cs$   
 (C)  $Cs < Rb < K < Na < Li$   
 (D)  $Li < Na < K < Cs < Rb$

**Official Ans. by NTA (A)**

**Ans. (A)**

**Sol. Factual**

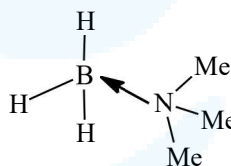
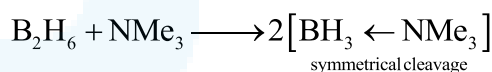
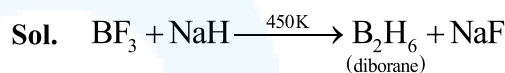
10. The geometry around boron in the product 'B' formed from the following reaction is



- (A) trigonal planar (B) tetrahedral  
 (C) pyramidal (D) square planar

**Official Ans. by NTA (B)**

**Ans. (B)**

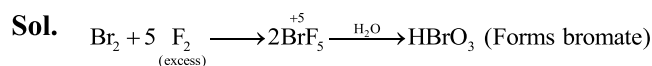


11. The interhalogen compound formed from the reaction of bromine with excess of fluorine is a :

- (A) hypohalite (B) halate  
 (C) perhalate (D) halite

**Official Ans. by NTA (B)**

**Ans. (B)**



12. The photochemical smog does not generally contain :

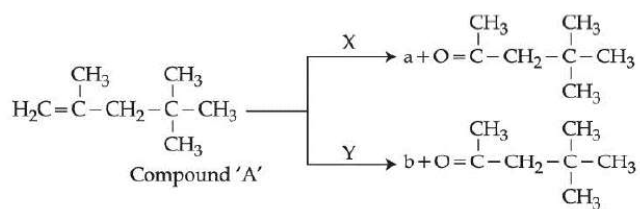
- (A) NO (B)  $NO_2$   
 (C)  $SO_2$  (D) HCHO

**Official Ans. by NTA (C)**

**Ans. (C)**

**Sol. Factual**

13. A compound 'A' on reaction with 'X' and 'Y' produces the same major product but different by product 'a' and 'b'. Oxidation of 'a' gives a substance produced by ants.



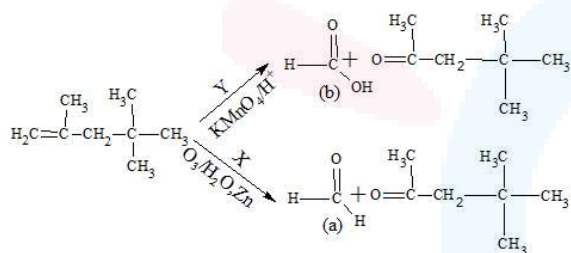
'X' and 'Y' respectively are :

- (A)  $\text{KMnO}_4/\text{H}^+$  and dil.  $\text{KMnO}_4$ , 273 K  
 (B)  $\text{KMnO}_4$ , (dilute), 273 K and  $\text{KMnO}_4/\text{H}^+$   
 (C)  $\text{KMnO}_4/\text{H}^+$  and  $\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{Zn}$   
 (D)  $\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{Zn}$  and  $\text{KMnO}_4/\text{H}^+$

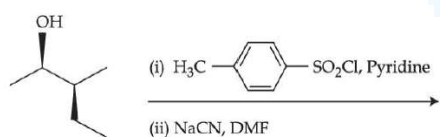
Official Ans. by NTA (D)

Ans. (D)

Sol.



14. Most stable product of the following reaction is:

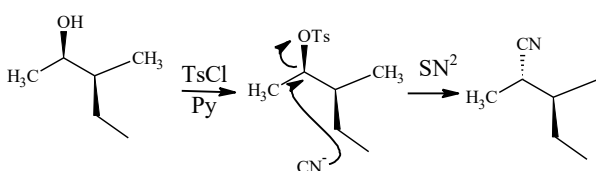


- (A)  $\text{H}_3\text{C}-\text{CH}(\text{CN})-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_3$  (anti)  
 (B)  $\text{H}_3\text{C}-\text{CH}(\text{CN})-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_3$  (syn)  
 (C)  $\text{H}_3\text{C}-\text{CH}(\text{CN})-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_3$  (anti)  
 (D)  $\text{H}_3\text{C}-\text{CH}(\text{CN})-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_3$  (syn)

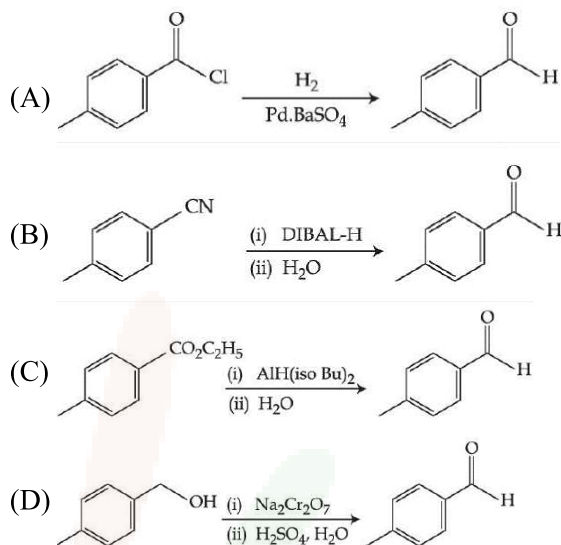
Official Ans. by NTA (B)

Ans. (B)

Sol.



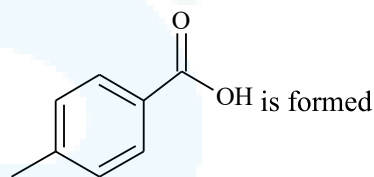
15. Which one of the following reactions does not represent correct combination of substrate and product under the given conditions ?



Official Ans. by NTA (D)

Ans. (D)

Sol.



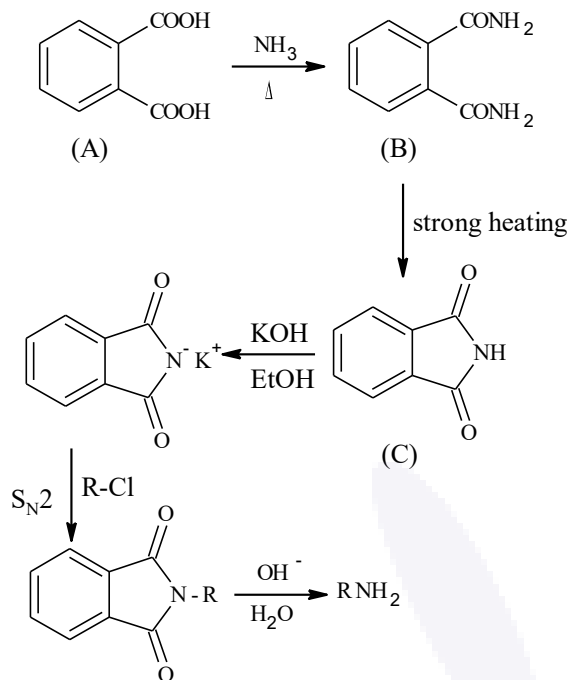
16. An organic compound 'A' on reaction with  $\text{NH}_3$  followed by heating gives compound B. Which on further strong heating gives compound C ( $\text{C}_8\text{H}_5\text{NO}_2$ ). Compound C on sequential reaction with ethanolic KOH, alkyl chloride and hydrolysis with alkali gives a primary amine. The compound A is :

- (A)  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4(\text{CHO})_2$   
 (B)  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4(\text{CHO})(\text{COOH})$   
 (C)  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4(\text{COOH})_2$   
 (D)  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4(\text{CHO})(\text{OH})$

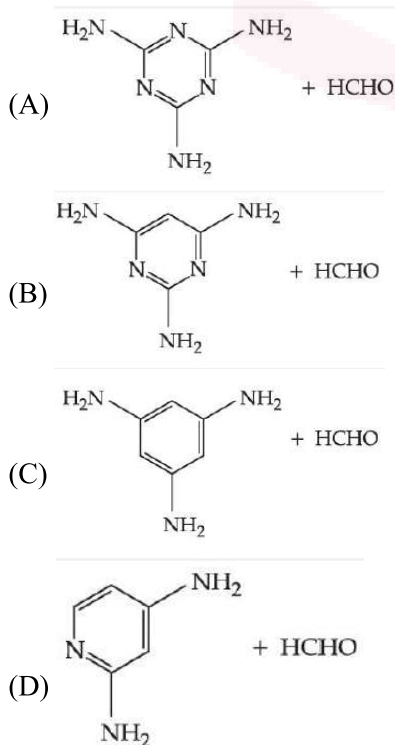
Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Ans. (C)

Sol. Gabriel Phtalimide reaction



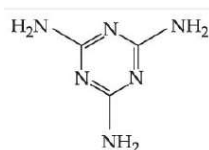
17. Melamine polymer is formed by the condensation of :



Official Ans. by NTA (A)

Ans. (A)

Sol. Melamine :



Formaldehyde HCHO

Melamine formaldehyde Resin is melamine polymer

18. During the denaturation of proteins, which of these structures will remain intact ?

- (A) Primary
- (B) Secondary
- (C) Tertiary
- (D) Quaternary

Official Ans. by NTA (A)

Ans. (A)

Sol. Primary structure remains intact during denaturation of proteins

19. Drugs used to bind to receptors, inhibiting its natural function and blocking a message are called :

- (A) Agonists
- (B) Antagonists
- (C) Allosterists
- (D) Anti histaminists

Official Ans. by NTA (B)

Ans. (B)

Sol. Factual

20. Given below are two statements :

**Statement I :** On heating with  $\text{KHSO}_4$ , glycerol is dehydrated and acrolein is formed.

**Statement II :** Acrolein has fruity odour and can be used to test glycerol's presence.

Choose the correct option.

- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct.
- (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
- (C) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect.
- (D) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct.

Official Ans. by NTA (B)

Ans. (C)

Sol. Acrolein has a pungent, suffocating odour.

Acrolein is used to detect presence of glycerol

**SECTION-B**

1. Among the following species  
 $N_2, N_2^+, N_2^-, N_2^{2-}, O_2, O_2^+, O_2^-, O_2^{2-}$   
 the number of species showing diamagnetism is

**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

**Ans. (2)**

- Sol.** Diamagnetic species are:  $N_2, O_2^{2-}$
2. The enthalpy of combustion of propane, graphite and dihydrogen at 298 K are:  $-2220.0 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ ,  $-393.5 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$  and  $-285.8 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$  respectively. The magnitude enthalpy of formation of propane ( $C_3H_8$ ) is..... $\text{kJ mol}^{-1}$ . (Nearest integer)

**Official Ans. by NTA (104)**

**Ans. (104)**

- Sol.**  $3C_{(gr)} + 4H_{2(g)} \rightarrow C_3H_{8(g)}$   
 $= -103.7 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
3. The pressure of a moist gas at  $27^\circ\text{C}$  is 4 atm. The volume of the container is doubled at the same temperature. The new pressure of the moist gas is  $\dots \times 10^{-1} \text{ atm}$ . (Nearest integer)

(Given : The vapour pressure of water at  $27^\circ\text{C}$  is 0.4 atm)

**Official Ans. by NTA (22)**

**Ans. (22)**

- Sol.**  $[P_{\text{gas}}]_0 + \text{V.P.} = 4$   
 $[P_{\text{gas}}]_0 = 4 - 0.4 = 3.6$   
 As volume is doubled,  $[P_{\text{gas}}]_{\text{new}} = 1.8 \text{ atm}$   
 New Total Pressure =  $1.8 + 0.4 = 2.2 \text{ atm}$
4. The cell potential for  $Zn|Zn^{2+}(\text{aq})||\text{Sn}^{x+}|\text{Sn}$  is 0.801 V at 298 K. The reaction quotient for the above reaction is  $10^{-2}$ . The number of electrons involved in the given electrochemical cell reaction is. . . . .

(Given  $E_{Zn^{2+}|Zn}^0 = -0.763\text{V}$ ,  $E_{\text{Sn}^{x+}|\text{Sn}}^0 = +0.008\text{V}$

and  $\frac{2.303RT}{F} = 0.06\text{V}$ )

**Official Ans. by NTA (4)**

**Ans. (2)**

**Sol.**  $E = E^0 - \frac{2.303RT}{nF} \log Q$

Here,  $E = +0.801\text{V}$ ,  $E^0 = 0.008 - (-0.763)$   
 $= +0.771\text{V}$

$\therefore 0.801 = +0.771 - \frac{0.06}{n} \log 10^{-2}$

$\Rightarrow n = 4$

5. The half life for the decomposition of gaseous compound A is 240 s when the gaseous pressure was 500 Torr initially. When the pressure was 250 Torr, the half life was found to be 4.0 min. The order of the reaction is..... (Nearest integer)

**Official Ans. by NTA (1)**

**Ans. (1)**

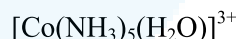
**Sol.**  $(t_{1/2})_{500 \text{ torr}} = 240 \text{ sec} = 4 \text{ min.}$

$(t_{1/2})_{250 \text{ torr}} = 4 \text{ min.}$

$t_{1/2} \propto a^{1-n}$

As  $t_{1/2}$  is independent of initial pressure. Hence, order is 1st order.

6. Consider the following metal complexes :



The spin-only magnetic moment value of the complex that absorbs light with shortest wavelength is B.M. (Nearest integer)

**Official Ans. by NTA (0)**

**Ans. (0)**

**Sol.**  $\Delta_0 \propto \frac{1}{\lambda}$

Here,  $\text{CN}^-$  being SFL will have maximum CFSE

So,  $[\text{Co}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-}$  will be  $d^2sp^3$ ,  $\mu = 0$

7. Among  $\text{Co}^{3+}$ ,  $\text{Ti}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{V}^{2+}$  and  $\text{Cr}^{2+}$  ions, one if used as a reagent cannot liberate  $\text{H}_2$  from dilute mineral acid solution, its spin-only magnetic moment in gaseous state is .....B.M. (Nearest integer)

**Official Ans. by NTA (5)**

**Ans. (5)**

**Sol.**  $\text{Co}^{3+}$  can't liberate  $\text{H}_2$ .

It has  $d^6$  configuration,

Number of unpaired electrons = 4

$\mu = \sqrt{4 \times 6} = 4.92 \text{ B.M.}$

8. While estimating the nitrogen present in an organic compound by Kjeldahl's method, the ammonia evolved from 0.25 g of the compound neutralized 2.5 mL of 2 M  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ . The percentage of nitrogen present in organic compound is .....

**Official Ans. by NTA (56)**

**Ans. (56)**

**Sol.** 
$$\%N = \frac{1.4(N_1 V_1)}{\text{mass of organic compound}}$$

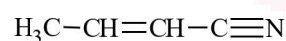
$$\%N = \frac{1.4(2.5 \times 2 \times 2)}{0.25} = 56$$

9. The number of  $\text{sp}^3$  hybridised carbons in an acyclic neutral compound with molecular formula  $\text{C}_4\text{H}_5\text{N}$  is :

**Official Ans. by NTA (1)**

**Ans. (0 or 1)**

**Sol.** 
$$\text{DU} = 4 + 1 - \left(\frac{5 - 1}{2}\right) = 3$$



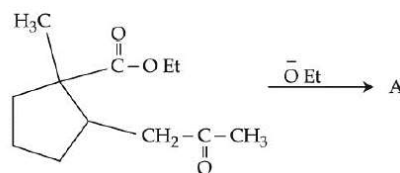
$\nearrow$   
 $\text{sp}^3$

or



Zero  $\text{sp}^3$  carbon

10. In the given reaction



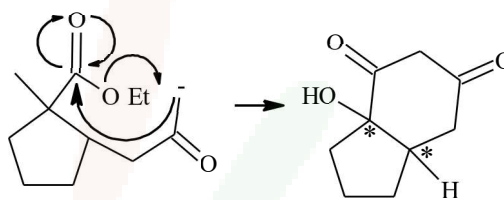
(Where Et is  $-\text{C}_2\text{H}_5$ )

The number of chiral carbon/s in product A is

**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

**Ans. (2)**

**Sol.**



2 chiral carbons