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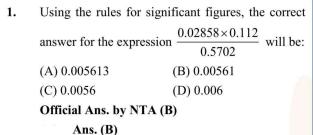
FINAL JEE-MAIN EXAMINATION - JUNE, 2022 Held On Wednesday, 29 June 2022 TIME : 3: 00 PM to 6 : 00 PM

3.

Sol.

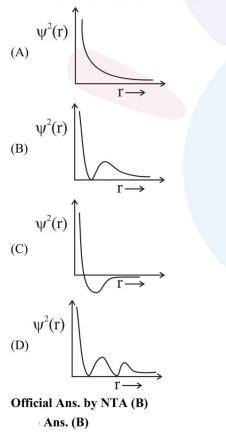
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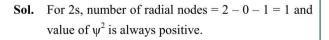
SECTION-A



Sol. Reported answer should not be more precise than least precise term in calculations, so there should be three significant figures in reported answer.

2. Which of the following is the correct plot for the probability density $\psi^2(r)$ as a function of distance 'r' of the electron form the nucleus for 2s orbital?





Consider the species CH₄, NH₄⁺ and BH₄⁻. Choose the correct option with respect to the there species: (A) They are isoelectronic and only two have

tetrahedral structures

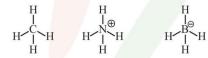
(B) They are isoelectronic and all have tetrahedral structures

(C) Only two are isoelectronic and all have tetrahedral structures

(D) Only two are isoelectronic and only two have tetrahedral structures

Official Ans. by NTA (B)

Ans. (B)



All are tetrahedral and each have 10 electrons.

4.0 moles of argon and 5.0 moles of PCI_5 are introduced into an evacuated flask of 100 litre capacity at 610 K. The system is allowed to equilibrate. At equilibrium, the total pressure of mixture was found to be 6.0 atm. The K_p for the reaction is [Given : R = 0.082L atm K⁻¹ mol⁻¹]

Official Ans. by NTA (A)

Ans. (A)
Sol.
$$PCl_5 = 5 \text{ mole}$$

 $Ar = 4 \text{ mole}$
 $P_{Total} = \frac{9 \times 0.82 \times 610}{100} = 4.5 \text{ atm}$
 $P_{PCl_5} = \frac{5 \times 4.5}{9} = 2.5 \text{ ; } P_{Ar} = \frac{4 \times 4.5}{9} = 2$
 $PCl_5 \implies PCl_3 + Cl_2$
 $2.5 - P = P = P$
 $P_{total} = 2.5 - P + P + P + P_{Ar} = 6$
 $P = 1.5$
 $K_p = \frac{1.5 \times 1.5}{1} = 2.25$

JEE Exam Solution



5. A 42.12% (w/v) solution of NaCl causes 7. precipitation of a certain sol in 10 hours. The coagulating value of NaCl for the sol is [Given : Molar mass : $Na = 23.0 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$; Cl = 35.5 $g mol^{-1}$] (A) 36 mmol L^{-1} (B) 36 mol L^{-1} below: (C) 1440 mol L^{-1} (D) 1440 mmol L^{-1} Official Ans. by NTA (D) Ans. (Bonus) Sol. Data insufficient. Given below are two statements. One is labelled as 6. Sol. Siderite – FeCO₃ Assertion A and the other is labelled as Reason R. Assertion A : The first ionization enthalpy for oxygen is lower than that of nitrogen. **Reason R** : The four electrons in 2p orbitals of 8. electron-electron oxygen experience more present. repulsion. In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below. ligands. (A) Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A. (B) Both A and R are correct but R is NOT the correct explanation of A. (C) A is correct but R is not correct. incorrect (D) A is not correct but R is correct Official Ans. by NTA (A) correct Ans. (A) **Sol.** Ionisation energy = N > O. In oxygen atom, 2 of the 4 2p electrons must Sol. occupy the same 2p orbital resulting in an increased electron electron-repulsion.

Match	List I	with	List	II.
TITCLETT				

List I Ore	List II Composition
A. Siderite	I. Fe CO ₃
B. Malachite	II. CuCO ₃ .Cu(OH) ₂
C. Sphalerite	III. ZnS
D. Calamine	IV. ZnCO ₃

Choose the correct answer from the options given

(A) A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV (B) A-III, B-IV, C-II, D-I (C) A-IV, B-III, C-I, D-II (D) A-I, B-II, C-IV, D-III

Official Ans. by NTA (A)

Ans. (A)

Malachite - CuCO₃.Cu(OH)₂

Calamine – ZnCO₃

Sphalerite - ZnS

Given below are two statements.

Statement I : In CuSO₄.5H₂O, Cu-O bonds are

Statement II : In CuSO₄.5H₂O, ligands coordinating with Cu(II) ion are O-and S-based

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below

(A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct

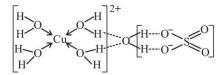
(B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect

(C) Statement I is correct but Statement II is

(D) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Ans. (C)



JEE Exam Solution



- **9.** Amongst baking soda, caustic soda and washing soda carbonate anion is present in :
 - (A) washing soda only.
 - (B) washing soda and caustic soda only.
 - (C) washing soda and baking soda only.
 - (D) baking soda, caustic soda and washing soda.

Official Ans. by NTA (A)

Ans. (A)

- Sol. Baking soda \rightarrow NaHCO₃ Washing soda \rightarrow Na₂CO₃.10H₂O
 - Caustic soda \rightarrow NaOH
- 10. Number of lone pair (s) of electrons on central atom and the shape of BrF₃ molecule respectively, are :
 - (A) 0, triangular planar.
 - (B) 1, pyramidal.
 - (C) 2, bent T-shape.
 - (D) 1, bent T-shape

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Ans. (C)

Sol.

 $F - Br \subset I$

Steric no. = 5 (sp³d), lone pair = 2 Bent T shape.

- **11.** Aqueous solution of which of the following boron compounds will be strongly basic in nature?
 - (A) $NaBH_4$ (B) $LiBH_4$
 - (C) B_2H_6 (D) $Na_2B_4O_7$

Official Ans. by NTA (D)

Ans. (D)

Sol. $Na_2B_4O_7$ gives H_3BO_3 and NaOH (strong base) in water.

12. Sulphur dioxide is one of the components of polluted air. SO₂ is also a major contributor to acid rain. The correct and complete reaction to represent acid rain caused by SO₂ is :
(A) 2 SO₂ + O₂ → 2 SO₃

(B)
$$SO_2 + O_3 \rightarrow SO_3 + O_2$$

(C) $SO_2 + H_2O_2 \rightarrow H_2SO_4$

(D) 2 SO₂ + O₂ + 2 H₂O \rightarrow 2 H₂SO₄

Official Ans. by NTA (D)

Ans. (D)

OCH₃

(B)

Sol.

(C) H₃CO

Sol. $2SO_2 + O_2 + 2H_2O \rightarrow 2H_2SO_4$ (Acid rain)

(D) H₃CO VVV Official Ans. by NTA (D) Ans. (D)

Is most stable carbocation

14.
$$(H_3CH_2CH_2CI \xrightarrow{Anhydrous, AlCl_3}'A')$$

Major Product

The stable carbocation formed in the above reaction is :

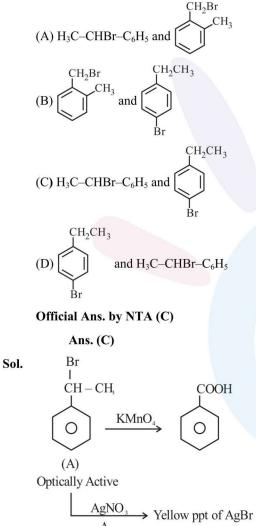
(A)
$$CH_3CH_2\overset{\oplus}{C}H_2$$
 (B) $CH_3\overset{\oplus}{C}H_2$
(C) $CH_3-\overset{\oplus}{C}H-CH_3$ (D) $\overset{\oplus}{C}HCH_2CH_3$

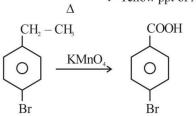
Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Sol.

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15. Two isomers (A) and (B) with Molar mass 184 g/mol and elemental composition C, 52.2%; H, 4.9% and Br 42.9% gave benzoic acid and p-bromobenzoic acid, respectively on oxidation with KMnO₄. Isomer 'A' is optically active and gives a pale yellow precipitate when warmed with alcoholic AgNO₃. Isomer 'A' and 'B' are, respectively :





- 16. In Friedel-Crafts alkylation of aniline, one gets :(A) alkylated product with ortho and para substitution.
 - (B) secondary amine after acidic treatment.
 - (C) an amide product.
 - (D) positively charged nitrogen at benzene ring.

Official Ans. by NTA (D)

1 Ans. (D)



17. Given below are two statements : one is labelled as
Assertion A and the other is labelled as Reason R.
Assertion A: Dacron is an example of polyester polymer.

Reason R: Dacron is made up of ethylene glycol and terephthalic acid monomers.

In the light of the above statements, choose the *most appropriate* answer from the options given below.

(A) Both **A** and **B** are correct and **R** is the correct explanation of **A**.

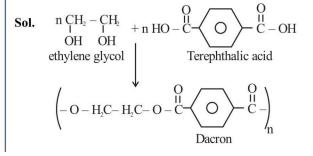
(B) Both **A** and **B** are correct but **R** is NOT the correct explanation of **A**.

(C) A is correct but **R** is not correct.

(D) A is not correct but R is correct.

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Official Ans. by NTA (A)
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Ans. (A)



JEE Exam Solution

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18. The structure of protein that is unaffected by heating is :

(A) secondary structure (B) tertiary structure

(C) primary structure (D) quaternary structure

Official Ans. by NTA (C)

Ans. (C)

- Sol. Primary structure of protein is unaffected by physical 'or' chemical changes.
- 19. The mixture of chloroxylenol and terpineol is an example of :
 - (A) antiseptic (B) pesticide
 - (C) disinfectant (D) narcotic analgesic

Official Ans. by NTA (A)

Ans. (A)

- Sol. Antiseptic Dettol is mixture of chloroxylenol and terpineol.
- A white precipitate was formed when BaCl₂ was 20. added to water extract of an inorganic salt. Further, a gas 'X' with characteristic odour was released when the formed white precipitate was dissolved in dilute HCl. The anion present in the inorganic salt is :

(A) I [−]	(B) SO_3^{2-}
--------------------	-----------------

(C)
$$S^{2-}$$
 (D) NO_2^{-}

Official Ans. by NTA (B)

Ans. (B)

bl.
$$\operatorname{BaCl}_2 + \operatorname{SO}_3^{2-} \to \operatorname{BaSO}_3 \downarrow \xrightarrow{\operatorname{dil}.HCl} \operatorname{SO}_2 \uparrow$$

white burning sulphur like

burning sulphur like smell

SECTION-B

1. A box contains 0.90 g of liquid water in equilibrium with water vapour at 27°C. The equilibrium vapour pressure of water at 27°C 32.0 Torr. When the volume of the box is increased, some of the liquid water evaporates to maintain the equilibrium pressure. If all the liquid water evaporates, then the volume of the box must be litre. [nearest integer]

(Given: $R = 0.082 L \text{ atm } K^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$)

(Ignore the volume of the liquid water and assume water vapours behave as an ideal gas.)

Official Ans. by NTA (29)

Ans. (29)

Sol.
$$V = \frac{nRT}{P} = \frac{0.90 \times 0.82 \times 300 \times 760}{18 \times 32} = 29.21$$

2.2 g of nitrous oxide (N_2O) gas is cooled at a 2. constant pressure of 1 atm from 310 K to 270 K causing the compression of the gas from 217.1 mL to 167.75 mL. The change in internal energy of the process, ΔU is '-x' J. The value of 'x' is ___.

[nearest integer]

(Given: atomic mass of $N = 14 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$ and of O $= 16 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$.

Molar heat capacity of N_2O is 100 JK⁻¹ mol⁻¹)

Official Ans. by NTA (195)

Ans. (195)

Sol.
$$N_2O$$
 moles $= \frac{2.2}{44} = \frac{1}{20}$
 $\Delta H = nC_p\Delta T = \frac{1}{20} \times 100(-40) = -200J$
 $\Delta U = q_p + w$
 $w = -P_{ext.} \Delta V$
 $W = -1\frac{(167.75 - 217.1)}{1000} \times 101.3J$
 $w = +5J$
 $\Delta U = -200 + 5 = -195J$

S



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Elevation in boiling point for 1.5 molal solution of glucose in water is 4K. The depression in freezing point for 4.5 molal solution of glucose in water is 4K. The ratio of molal elevation constant to molal depression constant (K_b/K_f) is___.

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

Ans. (3)

Sol. $\Delta T_b = iK_b m$

- $\Delta T_{\rm f} = i K_{\rm f} m$
- $\frac{4}{4} = \frac{K_{b}1.5}{K_{f}4.5}$
- $\frac{K_{b}}{K_{f}} = 3$
- The cell potential for the given cell at 298 K
 Pt | H₂(g,1 bar) | H⁺(aq) || Cu²⁺(aq) | Cu(s) is 0.31V. The pH of the acidic solution is found to be 3, whereas the concentration of Cu²⁺ is 10^{-x} M. The value of x is .

(Given:
$$E_{Cu^{2+}/Cu}^{\Theta} = 0.34 \text{ V and } \frac{2.303 \text{RT}}{\text{F}} = 0.06 \text{V}$$
)

Official Ans. by NTA (7)

Ans. (7)

Sol.
$$H_2(g) + Cu^{2+}(aq.) \rightarrow 2H^+(aq.) + Cu(s)$$

 $0.31 = 0.34 - \frac{0.06}{2} \log \frac{[H^+]^2}{[Cu^{2+}]}$

2
$$[Cu^{2+}] = 10^{-7} M$$

x = 7

5. The equation

$$k = (6.5 \times 10^{12} \text{ s}^{-1}) \text{ e}^{-26000 \text{ K/T}}$$

is followed for the decomposition of compound A.
The activation energy for the reaction is _____ kJ mol⁻¹. [nearest integer]
(Given: R = 8.314 J K⁻¹ mol⁻¹)
Official Ans. by NTA (216)
Ans. (216)

Sol. $K = Ae^{-Ea/RT} = (6.5 \times 10^{12} \text{ s}^{-1}) e^{-26000 \text{ K/T}}$ $\frac{\text{Ea}}{8.314} = 26000$ Ea = 216.164 kJ/mol. Spin only magnetic moment of [MnBr₆]⁴⁻ is 6. B.M. (round off to the closest integer) Official Ans. by NTA (6) Ans. (6) **Sol.** $Mn^{2+} \rightarrow t_{2a^{111}}e_{a^{11}}$ $\mu_{c} = \sqrt{35}$ = 5.91 = 6 7. For the reaction given below: $CoCl_3$. xNH_3 + $AgNO_3(aq) \rightarrow$ If two equivalents of AgCl precipitate out, then the value of x will be . Official Ans. by NTA (5) Ans. (5) Sol. $CoCl_3.xNH_3 + AgNO_3 \rightarrow AgCl \downarrow$ 2 mol $[Co(NH_3)_5Cl]Cl_2 + AgNO_3 \rightarrow AgCl\downarrow$ 2 mol x = 58. The number of chiral alcohol(s) with molecular formula $C_4H_{10}O$ is _____. Official Ans. by NTA (1) Ans. (2) $CH_3 - CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_2 - OH$ Sol. $CH_3 - CH - CH_2 - CH_3$ (\pm) ОH CH₃ $CH_3 - CH - CH_2 - OH$ $CH_3 - CH_3 - CH_3$

Out of which only two are chiral



