



**FINAL JEE–MAIN EXAMINATION – MARCH, 2021**

Held On Wednesday 17th March, 2021

TIME: 3:00 PM to 06:00 PM

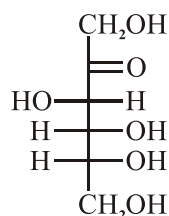
**SECTION-A**

1. Fructose is an example of :-

- (1) Pyranose
- (2) Ketohexose
- (3) Aldohexose
- (4) Heptose

**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

**Sol.** Fructose is a ketohexose.



2. The set of elements that differ in mutual relationship from those of the other sets is :

- (1) Li – Mg
- (2) B – Si
- (3) Be – Al
- (4) Li – Na

**Official Ans. by NTA (4)**

**Sol.** Li–Mg, B–Si, Be–Al show diagonal relationship but Li and Na do not show diagonal relationship as both belongs to same group and not placed diagonally.

3. The functional groups that are responsible for the ion-exchange property of cation and anion exchange resins, respectively, are :

- (1)  $-\text{SO}_3\text{H}$  and  $-\text{NH}_2$
- (2)  $-\text{SO}_3\text{H}$  and  $-\text{COOH}$
- (3)  $-\text{NH}_2$  and  $-\text{COOH}$
- (4)  $-\text{NH}_2$  and  $-\text{SO}_3\text{H}$

**Official Ans. by NTA (1)**

**Sol.** Cation exchanger contains  $-\text{SO}_3\text{H}$  or  $-\text{COOH}$  groups while anion exchanger contains basic groups like  $-\text{NH}_2$ .

4. Match List-I and List-II :

- | List-I        | List-II   |
|---------------|---|
| (a) Haematite | (i) $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 \cdot x\text{H}_2\text{O}$ |
| (b) Bauxite   | (ii) $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$                          |
| (c) Magnetite | (iii) $\text{CuCO}_3 \cdot \text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$    |
| (d) Malachite | (iv) $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$                          |

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iii), (c)-(i), (d)-(iv)
- (2) (a)-(iv), (b)-(i), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iii)
- (3) (a)-(i), (b)-(iii), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iv)
- (4) (a)-(ii), (b)-(i), (c)-(iv), (d)-(iii)

**Official Ans. by NTA (4)**

Sol.	Ore	Formula
(a)	Haematite	$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$
(b)	Bauxite	$\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 \cdot x\text{H}_2\text{O}$
(c)	Magnetite	$\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$
(d)	Malachite	$\text{CuCO}_3 \cdot \text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$

5. The correct pair(s) of the ambident nucleophiles is (are) :

- (A)  $\text{AgCN}/\text{KCN}$
- (B)  $\text{RCOOAg}/\text{RCOOK}$
- (C)  $\text{AgNO}_2/\text{KNO}_2$
- (D)  $\text{AgI}/\text{KI}$

- (1) (B) and (C) only
- (2) (A) only
- (3) (A) and (C) only
- (4) (B) only

**Official Ans. by NTA (3)**

**Sol.** Ambident nucleophile

- (A)  $\text{KCN}$  &  $\text{AgCN}$
- (C)  $\text{AgNO}_2$  &  $\text{KNO}_2$

6. The set that represents the pair of neutral oxides of nitrogen is :

- (1)  $\text{NO}$  and  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$
- (2)  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$  and  $\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$
- (3)  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$  and  $\text{NO}_2$
- (4)  $\text{NO}$  and  $\text{NO}_2$

**Official Ans. by NTA (1)**

**Sol.**  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$  and  $\text{NO}$  are neutral oxides of nitrogen  $\text{NO}_2$  and  $\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$  are acidic oxides.

7. Match List-I with List-II :

List-I	List-II
(a) $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6][\text{Cr}(\text{CN})_6]$	(i) Linkage isomerism
(b) $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_3(\text{NO}_2)_3]$	(ii) Solvate isomerism
(c) $[\text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]\text{Cl}_3$	(iii) Co-ordination isomerism
(d) $\text{cis}-[\text{CrCl}_2(\text{ox})_2]^{3-}$	(iv) Optical isomerism

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (a)-(iii), (b)-(i), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iv)
- (2) (a)-(iv), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iii), (d)-(i)
- (3) (a)-(ii), (b)-(i), (c)-(iii), (d)-(iv)
- (4) (a)-(i), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iii), (d)-(iv)

**Official Ans. by NTA (1)**



- Sol. Complex Type of Isomerism**
- (a)  $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6][\text{Cr}(\text{CN})_6]$  Co-ordination isomerism  
 (b)  $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_3(\text{NO}_2)_3]$  Linkage isomerism  
 (c)  $[\text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]\text{Cl}_3$  Solvate isomerism  
 (d) *cis*- $[\text{CrCl}_2(\text{ox})_2]^{3-}$  Optical isomerism

8. Primary, secondary and tertiary amines can be separated using :-

- (1) Para-Toluene sulphonyl chloride  
 (2) Chloroform and KOH  
 (3) Benzene sulphonic acid  
 (4) Acetyl amide

**Official Ans. by NTA (1)**

**Sol.** Primary amines react with Para Toluene sulphonyl chloride to form a precipitate that is soluble in NaOH.

Secondary amines reacts with para toluene sulphonyl chloride to give a precipitate that is insoluble in NaOH.

Tertiary amines do not react with para toluen.

9. The common positive oxidation states for an element with atomic number 24, are :

- (1) +2 to +6 (2) +1 and +3 to +6  
 (3) +1 and +3 (4) +1 to +6

**Official Ans. by NTA (1)**

**Sol.**  $\text{Cr}(Z=24)$

$[\text{Ar}] 4s^1 3d^5$  Cr shows common oxidation states starting from +2 to +6.

10. Match List-I with List-II :

List-I Chemical Compound	List-II Used as
(a) Sucralose	(i) Synthetic detergent
(b) Glyceryl ester of stearic acid	(ii) Artificial sweetener
(c) Sodium benzoate	(iii) Antiseptic
(d) Bithionol	(iv) Food preservative

Choose the correct match :

- (1) (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(ii), (d)-(i)  
 (2) (a)-(ii), (b)-(i), (c)-(iv), (d)-(iii)  
 (3) (a)-(iii), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)  
 (4) (a)-(i), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(iii)

**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

**Sol.** Artificial sweetner : Sucralose

Antiseptic : Bithionol

Preservative : Sodium Benzoate

Glyceryl ester of stearic acid : Sodium steasate

11. Given below are two statements :

**Statement-I :** 2-methylbutane on oxidation with  $\text{KMnO}_4$  gives 2-methylbutan-2-ol.

**Statement-II :** n-alkanes can be easily oxidised to corresponding alcohol with  $\text{KMnO}_4$ .

Choose the correct option :

- (1) Both statement I and statement II are correct  
 (2) Both statement I and statement II are incorrect  
 (3) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect  
 (4) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct

**Official Ans. by NTA (3)**

**Sol.** Alkane are very less reactive, tertiary hydrogen can oxidise to alcohol with  $\text{KMnO}_4$ .



2-methyl-butane

12. Nitrogen can be estimated by Kjeldahl's method for which of the following compound ?

- (1) (2)   
 (3) (4)

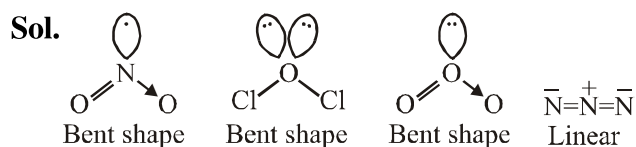
**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

**Sol.** Kjeldahl method is not applicable to compounds containing nitrogen in nitrogroup, Azo groups and nitrogen present in the ring (e.g Pyridine) as nitrogen of these compounds does not change to Ammonium sulphate under these conditions.

13. Amongst the following, the linear species is :

- (1)  $\text{NO}_2$  (2)  $\text{Cl}_2\text{O}$   
 (3)  $\text{O}_3$  (4)  $\text{N}_3^-$

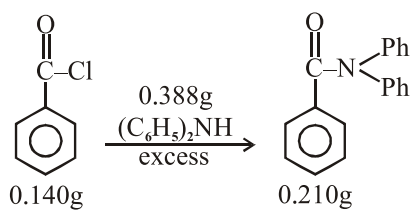
**Official Ans. by NTA (4)**











$$\text{Mole of Ph - CoCl} = \frac{0.140}{140} = 10^{-3} \text{ mol}$$

Mole of  $\text{Ph}-\overset{\text{O}}{\parallel}{\text{C}}-\text{N}(\text{Ph})_2$ , that should be obtained by mol-mol analysis =  $10^{-3}$  mol.

$$\text{Theoretical mass of product} = 10^{-3} \times 273 = 273 \times 10^{-3} \text{ g}$$

$$\text{Observed mass of product} = 210 \times 10^{-3} \text{ g}$$

$$\% \text{ yield of product} = \frac{210 \times 10^{-3}}{273 \times 10^{-3}} \times 100 = 76.9\% = 77$$