



FINAL JEE-MAIN EXAMINATION – JULY, 2021

Held On Tuesday 20th July, 2021 TIME: 9:00 AM to 12:00 NOON

SECTION-A

- The Boolean expression $(p \land \sim q) \Rightarrow (q \lor \sim p)$ is equivalent to:
 - $(1) q \Rightarrow p$
- $(3) \sim q \Rightarrow pq \qquad (4) p \Rightarrow \sim q$

Official Ans. by NTA (2)

- 2. Let a be a positive real number such that $\int_{a}^{a} e^{x-[x]} dx = 10e - 9$ where [x] is the greatest integer less than or equal to x. Then a is equal to:
 - $(1) 10 \log_e(1 + e)$
- $(2) 10 + \log_{e} 2$
- $(3) 10 + \log_e 3$
- (4) $10 + \log_e(1+e)$

Official Ans. by NTA (2)

- The mean of 6 distinct observations is 6.5 and their variance is 10.25. If 4 out of 6 observations are 2, 4, 5 and 7, then the remaining two observations
 - (1) 10, 11
- (2)3,18
- (3) 8, 13
- (4) 1, 20

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

The value of the integral $\int \log_e(\sqrt{1-x} + \sqrt{1+x}) dx$

is equal to:

- (1) $\frac{1}{2}\log_e 2 + \frac{\pi}{4} \frac{3}{2}$ (2) $2\log_e 2 + \frac{\pi}{4} 1$
- (3) $\log_e 2 + \frac{\pi}{2} 1$ (4) $2 \log_e 2 + \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{1}{2}$

Official Ans. by NTA (2)

ALLEN Ans. (3)

- If α and β are the distinct roots of the equation $x^2 + (3)^{1/4}x + 3^{1/2} = 0$, then the value of $\alpha^{96}(\alpha^{12}-1)+\beta^{96}(\beta^{12}-1)$ is equal to :
 - (1) 56×3^{25}
- (2) 56×3^{24}
- (3) 52 × 3²⁴
- (4) 28×3^{25}

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ a & 0 \end{bmatrix}$, $a \in \mathbf{R}$ be written as P + Q where P

is a symmetric matrix and Q is skew symmetric matrix. If det(Q) = 9, then the modulus of the sum of all possible values of determinant of P is equal to:

- (1) 36
- (2)24
- (3)45

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

If z and ω are two complex numbers such that $|z\omega| = 1$ and $\arg(z) - \arg(\omega) = \frac{3\pi}{2}$, then

$$arg\left(\frac{1-2\,\overline{z}\,\omega}{1+3\,\overline{z}\,\omega}\right)$$
 is:

(Here arg(z) denotes the principal argument of complex number z)

- (1) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ (2) $-\frac{3\pi}{4}$ (3) $-\frac{\pi}{4}$ (4) $\frac{3\pi}{4}$

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

ALLEN Ans. (2)

If in a triangle ABC, AB = 5 units, $\angle B = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)$ 8.

> and radius of circumcircle of $\triangle ABC$ is 5 units, then the area (in sq. units) of $\triangle ABC$ is :

- (1) $10 + 6\sqrt{2}$
- (2) $8 + 2\sqrt{2}$
- (3) $6 + 8\sqrt{3}$
- (4) $4 + 2\sqrt{3}$

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

Let [x] denote the greatest integer $\leq x$, where 9. $x \in \mathbf{R}$. If the domain of the real valued function

$$f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{|[x]| - 2}{|[x]| - 3}}$$

is $(-\infty, a) \cup [b, c) \cup [4, \infty), a < b < c$, then the value of a + b + c is:

- (1) 8
- (2)1
- (3) -2
- (4) -3

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

- Let y = y(x) be the solution of the differential equation $x \tan\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) dy = \left(y \tan\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) - x\right) dx$,
 - $-1 \le x \le 1, y\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{\pi}{6}$. Then the area of the region

bounded by the curves x = 0, $x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ and y = y(x)

in the upper half plane is:

- (1) $\frac{1}{8}(\pi 1)$ (2) $\frac{1}{12}(\pi 3)$
- $(3) \frac{1}{4}(\pi-2)$
- $(4) \frac{1}{5} (\pi 1)$





Official Ans. by NTA (1)

- The coefficient of x²⁵⁶ in the expansion of $(1-x)^{101} (x^2 + x + 1)^{100}$ is:
 - $(1)^{100}C_{16}$

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- $(3) {}^{100}C_{16}$
- $(4) {}^{100}C_{15}$

Official Ans. by NTA (2)

Let $A = [a_{ii}]$ be a 3 × 3 matrix, where 12.

$$a_{ij} = \begin{cases} 1 &, & \text{if } i=j \\ -x & \text{if } |i-j|=1 \\ 2x+1 &, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Let a function $f : \mathbf{R} \to \mathbf{R}$ be defined as $f(x) = \det(A)$. Then the sum of maximum and minimum values of f on **R** is equal to:

- $(1)-\frac{20}{27}$
- (2) $\frac{88}{27}$
- $(3) \frac{20}{27}$
- $(4) \frac{88}{27}$

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

- Let $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} + \hat{j} 2\hat{k}$ and $\vec{b} = \hat{i} + \hat{j}$. If \vec{c} is a vector such that $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c} = |\vec{c}|, |\vec{c} - \vec{a}| = 2\sqrt{2}$ and the angle between $(\vec{a} \times \vec{b})$ and \vec{c} is $\frac{\pi}{6}$, then the value of $|(\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \times \vec{c}|$ is:
 - $(1)\frac{2}{3}$
- (2)4
- (3) 3
- $(4) \frac{3}{2}$

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

- 14. The number of real roots of the equation $\tan^{-1} \sqrt{x(x+1)} + \sin^{-1} \sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} = \frac{\pi}{4}$ is:
 - (1) 1
- (2) 2
- (3)4
- (4) 0

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

Let y = y(x) be the solution of the differential equation $e^x \sqrt{1-y^2} dx + \left(\frac{y}{y}\right) dy = 0, y(1) = -1.$

Then the value of $(y(3))^2$ is equal to:

- $(1) 1 4e^3$
- $(2) 1 4e^6$
- $(3)1 + 4e^3$
- $(4) 1 + 4e^6$

Official Ans. by NTA (2)

- 16. Let 'a' be a real number such that the function $f(x) = ax^2 + 6x - 15$, $x \in \mathbf{R}$ is increasing in $\left(-\infty,\frac{3}{4}\right)$ and decreasing in $\left(\frac{3}{4},\infty\right)$. Then the function $g(x) = ax^2 - 6x + 15$, $x \in \mathbf{R}$ has a:
 - (1) local maximum at $x = -\frac{3}{4}$
 - (2) local minimum at $x = -\frac{3}{4}$
 - (3) local maximum at $x = \frac{3}{4}$
 - (4) local minimum at $x = \frac{3}{4}$

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

Let a function $f: \mathbf{R} \to \mathbf{R}$ be defined as 17.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sin x - e^x & \text{if } x \le 0 \\ a + [-x] & \text{if } 0 < x < 1 \\ 2x - b & \text{if } x \ge 1 \end{cases}$$

Where [x] is the greatest integer less than or equal to x. If f is continuous on **R**, then (a + b) is equal to:

- (1)4
- (2)3
- (3) 2
- (4)5

Official Ans. by NTA (2)

- 18. Words with or without meaning are to be formed using all the letters of the word EXAMINATION. The probability that the letter M appears at the fourth position in any such word is:
 - (1) $\frac{1}{66}$ (2) $\frac{1}{11}$ (3) $\frac{1}{9}$ (4) $\frac{2}{11}$

Official Ans. by NTA (2)

- The probability of selecting integers $a \in [-5,30]$ such that $x^2 + 2(a + 4)x - 5a + 64 > 0$, for all $x \in \mathbf{R}$, is:
 - $(1)\frac{7}{36}$ $(2)\frac{2}{9}$ $(3)\frac{1}{6}$ $(4)\frac{1}{4}$

Official Ans. by NTA (2)

- Let the tangent to the parabola $S: y^2 = 2x$ at the 20. point P(2, 2) meet the x-axis at Q and normal at it meet the parabola S at the point R. Then the area (in sq. units) of the triangle POR is equal to:

 - $(1) \frac{25}{2}$ $(2) \frac{35}{2}$ $(3) \frac{15}{2}$





Official Ans. by NTA (1)

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SECTION-B

1. Let \vec{a} , \vec{b} , \vec{c} be three mutually perpendicular vectors of the same magnitude and equally inclined at an angle θ , with the vector $\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c}$. Then $36 \cos^2 2\theta$ is equal to _____.

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

2. Let $A = \begin{pmatrix} 18 \theta 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ and $B = 7A^{20} - 20A^7 + 2I$,

where I is an identity matrix of order 3×3 . If $B = [b_{ij}]$, then b_{13} is equal to _____.

Official Ans. by NTA (910)

3. Let P be a plane passing through the points (1, 0, 1), (1, -2, 1) and (0, 1, -2). Let a vector $\vec{a} = \alpha \hat{i} + \beta \hat{j} + \gamma \hat{k}$ be such that \vec{a} is parallel to the plane P, perpendicular to $(\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k})$ and $\vec{a} \cdot (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}) = 2$, then $(\alpha - \beta + \gamma)^2$ equals

Official Ans. by NTA (81)

4. The number of rational terms in the binomial expansion of $\left(4^{\frac{1}{4}} + 5^{\frac{1}{6}}\right)^{120}$ is _____.

Official Ans. by NTA (21)

5. If the shortest distance between the lines $\vec{r_1} = \alpha \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k} + \lambda \left(\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}\right), \ \lambda \in \mathbf{R}, \ \alpha > 0$ and $\vec{r_2} = -4\hat{i} - \hat{k} + \mu \left(3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}\right), \ \mu \in \mathbf{R} \text{ is 9, then}$ α is equal to _____.

Official Ans. by NTA (6)

6. Let T be the tangent to the ellipse E: $x^2 + 4y^2 = 5$ at the point P(1, 1). If the area of the region bounded by the tangent T, ellipse E, lines x = 1 and $x = \sqrt{5}$ is $\alpha\sqrt{5} + \beta + \gamma \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}\right)$, then $|\alpha + \beta + \gamma|$ is equal to _____.

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

7. Let a, b, c, d be in arithmetic progression with common difference λ . If

$$\begin{vmatrix} x+a-c & x+b & x+a \\ x-1 & x+c & x+b \\ x-b+d & x+d & x+c \end{vmatrix} = 2,$$

then value of λ^2 is equal to ...

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

8. There are 15 players in a cricket team, out of which 6 are bowlers, 7 are batsmen and 2 are wicketkeepers. The number of ways, a team of 11 players be selected from them so as to include at least 4 bowlers, 5 batsmen and 1 wicketkeeper, is ______.

Official Ans. by NTA (777)

9. Let y = mx + c, m > 0 be the focal chord of $y^2 = -64x$, which is tangent to $(x + 10)^2 + y^2 = 4$. Then, the value of $4\sqrt{2}$ (m + c) is equal to

Official Ans. by NTA (34)

10. If the value of $\lim_{x\to 0} \left(2 - \cos x \sqrt{\cos 2x}\right)^{\left(\frac{x+2}{x^2}\right)}$ is equal to e^a, then a is equal to _____.

Official Ans. by NTA (3)