



**FINAL JEE–MAIN EXAMINATION – JULY, 2021**  
**Held On Tuesday 27th July, 2021**  
**TIME: 3:00 PM to 06:00 PM**

**SECTION-A**

1. The point P (a,b) undergoes the following three transformations successively :
- (a) reflection about the line  $y = x$ .
  - (b) translation through 2 units along the positive direction of x-axis.
  - (c) rotation through angle  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  about the origin in the anti-clockwise direction.
- If the co-ordinates of the final position of the point P are  $\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{7}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$ , then the value of  $2a + b$  is equal to :
- (1) 13      (2) 9      (3) 5      (4) 7

**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

2. A possible value of 'x', for which the ninth term in the expansion of  $\left\{3^{\log_3 \sqrt{25^{x-1}+7}} + 3^{\left(\frac{1}{8}\right)^{\log_3(5^{x-1}+1)}}\right\}^{10}$  in the increasing powers of  $3^{\left(\frac{1}{8}\right)^{\log_3(5^{x-1}+1)}}$  is equal to 180, is :
- (1) 0      (2) -1      (3) 2      (4) 1

**Official Ans. by NTA (4)**

3. For real numbers  $\alpha$  and  $\beta \neq 0$ , if the point of intersection of the straight lines  $\frac{x-\alpha}{1} = \frac{y-1}{2} = \frac{z-1}{3}$  and  $\frac{x-4}{\beta} = \frac{y-6}{3} = \frac{z-7}{3}$ , lies on the plane  $x + 2y - z = 8$ , then  $\alpha - \beta$  is equal to :
- (1) 5      (2) 9      (3) 3      (4) 7

**Official Ans. by NTA (4)**

4. Let  $f : \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$  be defined as  $f(x + y) + f(x - y) = 2 f(x) f(y)$ ,  $f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = -1$ . Then, the value of  $\sum_{k=1}^{20} \frac{1}{\sin(k)\sin(k+f(k))}$  is equal to :
- (1)  $\operatorname{cosec}^2(21) \cos(20) \cos(2)$   
 (2)  $\sec^2(1) \sec(21) \cos(20)$   
 (3)  $\operatorname{cosec}^2(1) \operatorname{cosec}(21) \sin(20)$   
 (4)  $\sec^2(21) \sin(20) \sin(2)$

**Official Ans. by NTA (3)**

5. Let  $\mathbf{C}$  be the set of all complex numbers. Let  $S_1 = \{z \in \mathbf{C} : |z - 2| \leq 1\}$  and  $S_2 = \{z \in \mathbf{C} : z(1+i) + \bar{z}(1-i) \geq 4\}$ . Then, the maximum value of  $\left|z - \frac{5}{2}\right|^2$  for  $z \in S_1 \cap S_2$  is equal to :
- (1)  $\frac{3+2\sqrt{2}}{4}$       (2)  $\frac{5+2\sqrt{2}}{2}$   
 (3)  $\frac{3+2\sqrt{2}}{2}$       (4)  $\frac{5+2\sqrt{2}}{4}$

**Official Ans. by NTA (4)**

6. A student appeared in an examination consisting of 8 true–false type questions. The student guesses the answers with equal probability. The smallest value of n, so that the probability of guessing at least 'n' correct answers is less than  $\frac{1}{2}$ , is :
- (1) 5      (2) 6      (3) 3      (4) 4

**Official Ans. by NTA (1)**

7. If  $\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{9}\right), x, \tan\left(\frac{7\pi}{18}\right)$  are in arithmetic progression and  $\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{9}\right), y, \tan\left(\frac{5\pi}{18}\right)$  are also in arithmetic progression, then  $|x - 2y|$  is equal to :
- (1) 4      (2) 3      (3) 0      (4) 1

**Official Ans. by NTA (3)**

8. Let the mean and variance of the frequency distribution
- |     |           |           |           |           |
|-----|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| x : | $x_1 = 2$ | $x_2 = 6$ | $x_3 = 8$ | $x_4 = 9$ |
| f : | 4         | 4         | $\alpha$  | $\beta$   |
- be 6 and 6.8 respectively. If  $x_3$  is changed from 8 to 7, then the mean for the new data will be:
- (1) 4      (2) 5  
 (3)  $\frac{17}{3}$       (4)  $\frac{16}{3}$

**Official Ans. by NTA (3)**



9. The area of the region bounded by  $y - x = 2$  and  $x^2 = y$  is equal to :-

- (1)  $\frac{16}{3}$       (2)  $\frac{2}{3}$       (3)  $\frac{9}{2}$       (4)  $\frac{4}{3}$

**Official Ans. by NTA (3)**

10. Let  $y = y(x)$  be the solution of the differential equation  $(x - x^3)dy = (y + yx^2 - 3x^4)dx$ ,  $x > 2$ . If  $y(3) = 3$ , then  $y(4)$  is equal to :

- (1) 4      (2) 12      (3) 8      (4) 16

**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

11. The value of  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{1 - \sin x} - \sqrt[3]{1 + \sin x}} \right)$  is equal to :

- (1) 0      (2) 4      (3) -4      (4) -1

**Official Ans. by NTA (3)**

12. Two sides of a parallelogram are along the lines  $4x + 5y = 0$  and  $7x + 2y = 0$ . If the equation of one of the diagonals of the parallelogram is  $11x + 7y = 9$ , then other diagonal passes through the point :

- (1) (1,2)      (2) (2,2)      (3) (2,1)      (4) (1,3)

**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

13. Let  $\alpha = \max_{x \in \mathbb{R}} \{8^{2\sin 3x} \cdot 4^{4\cos 3x}\}$  and

$\beta = \min_{x \in \mathbb{R}} \{8^{2\sin 3x} \cdot 4^{4\cos 3x}\}$ . If  $8x^2 + bx + c = 0$  is a quadratic equation whose roots are  $\alpha^{1/5}$  and  $\beta^{1/5}$ , then the value of  $c - b$  is equal to :

- (1) 42      (2) 47      (3) 43      (4) 50

**Official Ans. by NTA (1)**

14. Let  $f : [0, \infty) \rightarrow [0, 3]$  be a function defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \max \{ \sin t : 0 \leq t \leq x \}, & 0 \leq x \leq \pi \\ 2 + \cos x, & x > \pi \end{cases}$$

Then which of the following is true ?

- (1)  $f$  is continuous everywhere but not differentiable exactly at one point in  $(0, \infty)$   
 (2)  $f$  is differentiable everywhere in  $(0, \infty)$   
 (3)  $f$  is not continuous exactly at two points in  $(0, \infty)$   
 (4)  $f$  is continuous everywhere but not differentiable exactly at two points in  $(0, \infty)$

**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

15. Let  $\mathbb{N}$  be the set of natural numbers and a relation  $R$  on  $\mathbb{N}$  be defined by

$$R = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N} : x^3 - 3x^2y - xy^2 + 3y^3 = 0\}.$$

Then the relation  $R$  is :

- (1) symmetric but neither reflexive nor transitive  
 (2) reflexive but neither symmetric nor transitive  
 (3) reflexive and symmetric, but not transitive  
 (4) an equivalence relation

**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

16. Which of the following is the negation of the statement "for all  $M > 0$ , there exists  $x \in S$  such that  $x \geq M$ " ?

- (1) there exists  $M > 0$ , such that  $x < M$  for all  $x \in S$   
 (2) there exists  $M > 0$ , there exists  $x \in S$  such that  $x \geq M$   
 (3) there exists  $M > 0$ , there exists  $x \in S$  such that  $x < M$   
 (4) there exists  $M > 0$ , such that  $x \geq M$  for all  $x \in S$

**Official Ans. by NTA (1)**

17. Consider a circle  $C$  which touches the  $y$ -axis at  $(0, 6)$  and cuts off an intercept  $6\sqrt{5}$  on the  $x$ -axis. Then the radius of the circle  $C$  is equal to :

- (1)  $\sqrt{53}$       (2) 9      (3) 8      (4)  $\sqrt{82}$

**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

18. Let  $\vec{a}, \vec{b}$  and  $\vec{c}$  be three vectors such that  $\vec{a} = \vec{b} \times (\vec{b} \times \vec{c})$ . If magnitudes of the vectors  $\vec{a}, \vec{b}$  and  $\vec{c}$  are  $\sqrt{2}, 1$  and  $2$  respectively and the angle between  $\vec{b}$  and  $\vec{c}$  is  $\theta \left( 0 < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$ , then the value of  $1 + \tan \theta$  is equal to :

- (1)  $\sqrt{3} + 1$       (2) 2  
 (3) 1      (4)  $\frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{\sqrt{3}}$

**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

19. Let  $A$  and  $B$  be two  $3 \times 3$  real matrices such that  $(A^2 - B^2)$  is invertible matrix. If  $A^5 = B^5$  and  $A^3B^2 = A^2B^3$ , then the value of the determinant of the matrix  $A^3 + B^3$  is equal to :

- (1) 2      (2) 4  
 (3) 1      (4) 0

**Official Ans. by NTA (4)**



20. Let  $f : (a,b) \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$  be twice differentiable function such that  $f(x) = \int_a^x g(t) dt$  for a differentiable function  $g(x)$ . If  $f(x) = 0$  has exactly five distinct roots in  $(a, b)$ , then  $g(x)g'(x) = 0$  has at least :
- (1) twelve roots in  $(a, b)$
  - (2) five roots in  $(a, b)$
  - (3) seven roots in  $(a, b)$
  - (4) three roots in  $(a, b)$
- Official Ans. by NTA (3)**

**SECTION-B**

1. Let  $\vec{a} = \hat{i} - \alpha\hat{j} + \beta\hat{k}$ ,  $\vec{b} = 3\hat{i} + \beta\hat{j} - \alpha\hat{k}$  and  $\vec{c} = -\alpha\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ , where  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are integers. If  $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = -1$  and  $\vec{b} \cdot \vec{c} = 10$ , then  $(\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \cdot \vec{c}$  is equal to \_\_\_\_ .  
**Official Ans. by NTA (9)**
2. The distance of the point  $P(3, 4, 4)$  from the point of intersection of the line joining the points  $Q(3, -4, -5)$  and  $R(2, -3, 1)$  and the plane  $2x + y + z = 7$ , is equal to \_\_\_\_ .  
**Official Ans. by NTA (7)**
3. If the real part of the complex number  $z = \frac{3 + 2i \cos \theta}{1 - 3i \cos \theta}$ ,  $\theta \in \left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$  is zero, then the value of  $\sin^2 3\theta + \cos^2 \theta$  is equal to \_\_\_\_ .  
**Official Ans. by NTA (1)**
4. Let  $E$  be an ellipse whose axes are parallel to the co-ordinates axes, having its center at  $(3, -4)$ , one focus at  $(4, -4)$  and one vertex at  $(5, -4)$ . If  $mx - y = 4$ ,  $m > 0$  is a tangent to the ellipse  $E$ , then the value of  $5m^2$  is equal to \_\_\_\_ .  
**Official Ans. by NTA (3)**
5. If  $\int_0^\pi (\sin^3 x) e^{-\sin^2 x} dx = \alpha - \frac{\beta}{e} \int_0^1 \sqrt{t} e^t dt$ , then  $\alpha + \beta$  is equal to \_\_\_\_ .  
**Official Ans. by NTA (5)**

6. The number of real roots of the equation  $e^{4x} - e^{3x} - 4e^{2x} - e^x + 1 = 0$  is equal to \_\_\_\_ .  
**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**
7. Let  $y = y(x)$  be the solution of the differential equation  $dy = e^{\alpha x + y} dx$ ;  $\alpha \in \mathbf{N}$ . If  $y(\log_e 2) = \log_e 2$  and  $y(0) = \log_e \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$ , then the value of  $\alpha$  is equal to \_\_\_\_ .  
**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**
8. Let  $n$  be a non-negative integer. Then the number of divisors of the form " $4n + 1$ " of the number  $(10)^{10} \cdot (11)^{11} \cdot (13)^{13}$  is equal to \_\_\_\_ .  
**Official Ans. by NTA (924)**
9. Let  $A = \{n \in \mathbf{N} \mid n^2 \leq n + 10,000\}$ ,  $B = \{3k + 1 \mid k \in \mathbf{N}\}$  and  $C = \{2k \mid k \in \mathbf{N}\}$ , then the sum of all the elements of the set  $A \cap (B - C)$  is equal to \_\_\_\_ .  
**Official Ans. by NTA (832)**
10. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $M = A + A^2 + A^3 + \dots + A^{20}$ , then the sum of all the elements of the matrix  $M$  is equal to \_\_\_\_ .  
**Official Ans. by NTA (2020)**